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## Grundlagen einer colinearen Zahlentheorie

1. Wie man seit der Einführung der ortsfunktionalen Arithmetik der qualitativen Relationalzahlen (vgl. Toth 2015a-c) sowie daran anschließenden Detailstudien weiß, in der Zählprozeß selbst im Trivialfall von Peanofolgen 2-dimensional. Dementsprechend muß es möglich sein, die drei ortsfunktionalen Zählweisen der Adjazenz, Subjazenz und Transjazenz im Rahmen einer colinearen Zahlentheorie (vgl. dazu Toth 2014d) zu redefinieren. "Zählen, wie man auf einer Straße zwischen Häuserzeilen entlang geht".

### 2.1. Homogene colineare Zahlenstrukturen

#### 2.1.1. $C = [S, \text{Abb}, S]$

$$Z = [0, \rightleftharpoons, 1] \quad Z = [1, \rightleftharpoons, 0]$$

$$Z = [0, \updownarrow, 1] \quad Z = [1, \updownarrow, 0]$$

$$Z = [0, \nearrow\swarrow, 1] \quad Z = [1, \nearrow\swarrow, 0]$$

$$Z = [0, \nwarrow\searrow, 1] \quad Z = [1, \nwarrow\searrow, 0]$$

#### 2.1.2. $C = [\text{Abb}, S, \text{Abb}]$

$$Z = [\rightleftharpoons, 0, \rightleftharpoons] \quad Z = [\rightleftharpoons, 1, \rightleftharpoons]$$

$$Z = [\updownarrow, 0, \updownarrow] \quad Z = [\updownarrow, 1, \updownarrow]$$

$$Z = [\nearrow\swarrow, 0, \nearrow\swarrow] \quad Z = [\nearrow\swarrow, 1, \nearrow\swarrow]$$

$$Z = [\nwarrow\searrow, 0, \nwarrow\searrow] \quad Z = [\nwarrow\searrow, 1, \nwarrow\searrow]$$

#### 2.1.3. $C = [S, \text{Rep}, S]$

$$Z = [0, \emptyset, 1] \quad Z = [1, \emptyset, 0]$$

#### 2.1.4. $C = [\text{Rep}, S, \text{Rep}]$

$$Z = [\emptyset, 0, \emptyset] \quad Z = [\emptyset, 1, \emptyset]$$

2.1.5.  $C = [\text{Abb}, \text{Rep}, \text{Abb}]$

$$Z = [\rightleftharpoons, \emptyset, \rightleftharpoons]$$

$$Z = [\updownarrow, \emptyset, \updownarrow]$$

$$Z = [\nearrow\swarrow, \emptyset, \nearrow\swarrow]$$

$$Z = [\nwarrow\searrow, \emptyset, \nwarrow\searrow]$$

2.1.6.  $C = [\text{Rep}, \text{Abb}, \text{Rep}]$

$$Z = [\emptyset, \rightleftharpoons, \emptyset]$$

$$Z = [\emptyset, \updownarrow, \emptyset]$$

$$Z = [\emptyset, \nearrow\swarrow, \emptyset]$$

$$Z = [\emptyset, \nwarrow\searrow, \emptyset]$$

2.2. Heterogene colineare Zahlenstrukturen

2.2.1.  $C = [S, \text{Abb}, \text{Rep}]$

$$Z = [0, \rightleftharpoons, \emptyset] \qquad Z = [1, \rightleftharpoons, \emptyset]$$

$$Z = [0, \updownarrow, \emptyset] \qquad Z = [1, \updownarrow, \emptyset]$$

$$Z = [0, \nearrow\swarrow, \emptyset] \qquad Z = [1, \nearrow\swarrow, \emptyset]$$

$$Z = [0, \nwarrow\searrow, \emptyset] \qquad Z = [1, \nwarrow\searrow, \emptyset]$$

2.2.2.  $C = [S, \text{Rep}, \text{Abb}]$

$$Z = [0, \emptyset, \rightleftharpoons] \qquad Z = [1, \emptyset, \rightleftharpoons]$$

$$Z = [0, \emptyset, \updownarrow] \qquad Z = [1, \emptyset, \updownarrow]$$

$$Z = [0, \emptyset, \nearrow\swarrow] \qquad Z = [1, \emptyset, \nearrow\swarrow]$$

$$Z = [0, \emptyset, \nwarrow\searrow] \qquad Z = [1, \emptyset, \nwarrow\searrow]$$

### 2.2.3. C = [Abb, S, Rep]

$$Z = [\rightleftharpoons, 0, \emptyset] \quad Z = [\rightleftharpoons, 1, \emptyset]$$

$$Z = [\updownarrow, 0, \emptyset] \quad Z = [\updownarrow, 1, \emptyset]$$

$$Z = [\nearrow\swarrow, 0, \emptyset] \quad Z = [\nearrow\swarrow, 1, \emptyset]$$

$$Z = [\nwarrow\searrow, 0, \emptyset] \quad Z = [\nwarrow\searrow, 1, \emptyset]$$

### 2.2.4. C = [Abb, Rep, S]

$$Z = [\rightleftharpoons, \emptyset, 0] \quad Z = [\rightleftharpoons, \emptyset, 1]$$

$$Z = [\updownarrow, \emptyset, 0] \quad Z = [\updownarrow, \emptyset, 1]$$

$$Z = [\nearrow\swarrow, \emptyset, 0] \quad Z = [\nearrow\swarrow, \emptyset, 1]$$

$$Z = [\nwarrow\searrow, \emptyset, 0] \quad Z = [\nwarrow\searrow, \emptyset, 1]$$

### 2.2.5. C = [Rep, S, Abb]

$$Z = [\emptyset, 0, \rightleftharpoons] \quad Z = [\emptyset, 1, \rightleftharpoons]$$

$$Z = [\emptyset, 0, \updownarrow] \quad Z = [\emptyset, 1, \updownarrow]$$

$$Z = [\emptyset, 0, \nearrow\swarrow] \quad Z = [\emptyset, 1, \nearrow\swarrow]$$

$$Z = [\emptyset, 0, \nwarrow\searrow] \quad Z = [\emptyset, 1, \nwarrow\searrow]$$

### 2.2.6. C = [Rep, Abb, S]

$$Z = [\emptyset, \rightleftharpoons, 0] \quad Z = [\emptyset, \rightleftharpoons, 1]$$

$$Z = [\emptyset, \updownarrow, 0] \quad Z = [\emptyset, \updownarrow, 1]$$

$$Z = [\emptyset, \nearrow\swarrow, 0] \quad Z = [\emptyset, \nearrow\swarrow, 1]$$

$$Z = [\emptyset, \nwarrow\searrow, 0] \quad Z = [\emptyset, \nwarrow\searrow, 1]$$

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